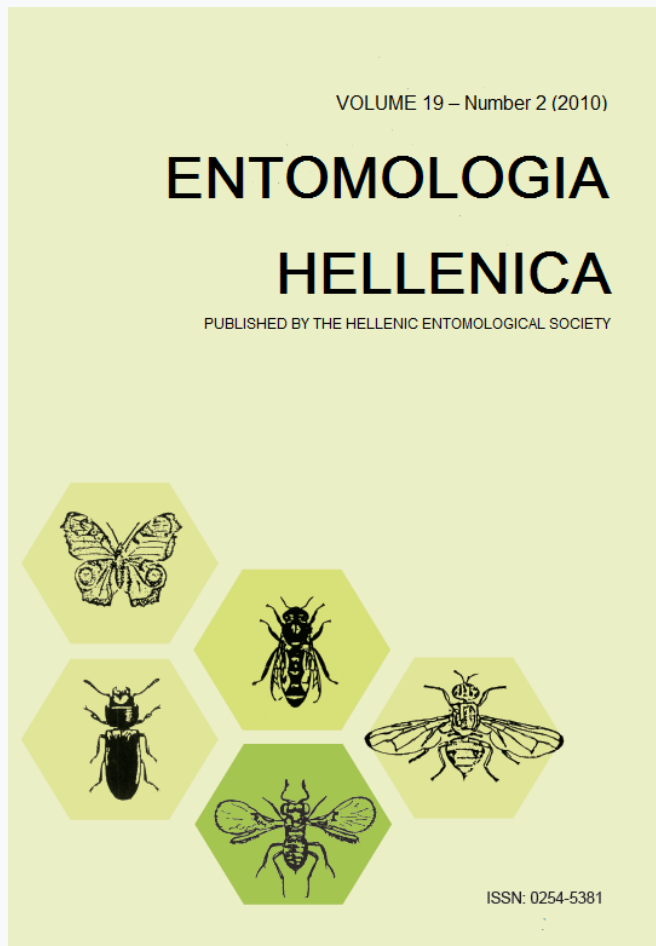


ENTOMOLOGIA HELLENICA

Vol 19, No 2 (2010)



Preliminary survey of the scale insects fauna in Kermanshah, western Iran

M. Torabi, H.A. Vahedi, C.J. Hodgson

doi: [10.12681/eh.11584](https://doi.org/10.12681/eh.11584)

Copyright © 2017, M. Torabi, H.A. Vahedi, C.J. Hodgson



This work is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0/).

To cite this article:

Torabi, M., Vahedi, H., & Hodgson, C. (2010). Preliminary survey of the scale insects fauna in Kermanshah, western Iran. *ENTOMOLOGIA HELLENICA*, 19(2), 153–162. <https://doi.org/10.12681/eh.11584>

Preliminary survey of the scale insects fauna in Kermanshah, western Iran

M. TORABI¹, H.A. VAHEDI^{1*} AND C.J. HODGSON²

¹*Plant protection Dept., Agricultural College, Razi University, Kermanshah, Iran*

²*Department of Biodiversity and Biological Systematics, the National Museum of Wales, Cardiff, UK*

ABSTRACT

The Coccoidea on cultivated and non-cultivated vegetation in Kermanshah, western Iran, were investigated between 2007 and 2009. More than 63 samples from cultivated and non-cultivated plants were collected. The identified species mainly belonged to the following families: Diaspididae (12 species), Coccidae (7), Pseudococcidae (4), Margarodidae (3), Eriococcidae (2) and Ortheziidae (1). The economically important species are discussed. This project is part of an MSc on Coccoidea studies which has still some time to run and so we expect that more species will be found in future.

KEYWORDS: Coccoidea, Iran, Kermanshah, fauna.

Introduction

Scale insects are widely distributed throughout the world with the exception of the cold extremes of the Arctic and Antarctic. They are found as parasites on a wide diversity of vascular plants. Because of its geographical location between the Mediterranean in the west and the mountainous areas with a cool climate in the East, the province of Kermanshah has a high floristic and faunistic diversity. Among these, coccoids are common and economically important pests but a ScaleNet search (Ben-Dov et al. 2010) shows that the scale insect fauna of Iran has been poorly studied.

Previous studies: Kaussari (1952, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1964, 1970, 1971a, 1971b, 1974) was the first Iranian to study the scale insects (Hemiptera: Coccoidea) in Iran but he was mainly interested

in the armoured scale insects (Diaspididae) on fruit trees, willow (*Salix spp.*), citrus and other host plants in various areas of Iran and published a monograph (Kaussari and Farahbakhch 1968) on the subtribe Aspidiotina, tribe Aspidiotini (Diaspididae) in Iran. Some of these were new species. In addition, Balachowsky and Kaussari (1951, 1953) worked on Diaspinae and also described four new species from Iran. Davachi and Taghizadeh (1955) studied Citrus pests, including scale insects, in north of Iran. The first complete list of scale insects in Iran was published by Bodenheimer (1944), who reported 89 species, including 27 species from Diaspididae. He also studied the Coccoidea of Iraq from which he reported 60 species in 8 families (Bodenheimer 1943). Fowjhan and Kozár (1994) recorded six scale insects species on fruit plants in Afghanistan. Kozár et al. (1996) also gave a check-list of 202

*Corresponding author, e-mail: vnassah@yahoo.com

species of both Coccoidea and Aleyrodoidea from Iran and Afghanistan; this list includes 185 species of Iranian Coccoidea. However, Irano-Turanian subregion Coccoidea still is under explored, comparing the given number with published 302 coccids (Kozár 1998). Balachowsky (1967) described *Fiorinia phaenicis* (Coccoidea: Diaspididae) from Iran. Seghatoleslami (1977) published a list of the Diaspidoidea (Phoenicococcidae and Diaspididae) that included 93 species in 53 genera, along with collection data. Asadeh and Mosaddegh (1991) did an investigation on the mealybug fauna (Pseudococcidae) in Khuzestan province and recorded eight mealybug species, four of them new for Iran. Moghaddam (1998), in her MSc dissertation, surveyed the fauna of armoured scales (Diaspididae) in Fars province (southern Iran) and reported 36 species in 21 genera. Takagi and Moghaddam (2005) worked on twelve armoured scale insects occurring in Iran. Moghaddam (2006) also studied the mealybug fauna of southern Iran (Systan, Balachestan, Hormozgan, Bushehr, Khuzestan and Fars provinces) where she found 17 mealybug species. Moghaddam and Tavakoli (2010) recorded 48 species of forestry area scale insects, in central Zagros region. In addition, the morphology, bioecology and impact of cultural methods on the population fluctuation of *Porphyrophora tritici* as a pest of wheat have been studied in East Azarbaijan, Hamadan and Kermanshah provinces (Safaralizadeh and Bahador 1987, Vahedi 1992, Akbarinoshad 1993, Akbarinoshad 1995, Vahedi and Hodgat 1996, Akbarinoshad 1999), while other subterranean margarodids (*Porphyrophora* and *Neomargarodes* spp.) were studied by Vahedi (2002, 2004, 2007) and Vahedi and Hodgson (2002, 2007). Finally, Archangelskaya (1937), Borchsenius (1966) and Danzig (1993) mention some Iranian coccids, although their work was not directed especially to Iran.

No comprehensive investigation on coccids has been undertaken previously in Kermanshah region (western Iran) and the purpose of this study is to determine the distribution, species composition and host plants (of both cultivated and non-cultivated vegetation) of the Coccoidea in this region.

Materials and Methods

Scale insect samples on various host plants were collected during irregular surveys in different locations in Kermanshah region between 2007 and 2009. The specimens were carefully removed from the infested plant surfaces (fruits, leaves, stems) and placed in 75% alcohol or put in plastic bags and transported to the Razi University, where all specimens were mounted on microscope slides using the methodology of Hodgson and Henderson (2000). Representative specimens were sent to various taxonomic specialists for confirmation of identification. The slide-mounted material of all species has been deposited in the Department of Plant Protection, Razi University, Kermanshah, Iran.

Results and Discussion

A total of 29 species in 21 genera and 6 families were collected on 63 samples off cultivated and non-cultivated plants in Kermanshah (Table 1). The families were as follows: with Diaspididae (12 species: 8 genera), Coccidae (7: 5), Pseudococcidae (4: 4), Margarodidae (3: 2), Eriococcidae (2: 1) and Ortheziidae (1: 1). Among these species, the soft scale *Eulecanium tiliae* (L.) on *Armeniaca vulgaris* and the diaspidids *Lepidosaphes malicola* (Borchsenius) on *Malus domestica* and *Chlidaspis asiatica* (Archangelskaya) on *Prunus domestica* and *Amygdalus domestica* all occur in large populations throughout the region and are likely to be economically important.

TABLE 1. Scale insects species found in the Kermanshah region, western Iran.

Family	Species	Host plants	GPS	Location	Sampling date
	<i>Aonidiella aurantii</i> (Maskell 1879)	<i>Malus domestica</i>	34° 19' 32.46" N 47° 06' 32.63" E	Agriculture University	27 Apr 09
	<i>Aulacaspis rosae</i> (Bouché, 1833)	<i>Armeniaca vulgaris</i>	34° 79' 31.25" N 47° 58' 93.12" E	Songhor, Mazzeralla	11 Sep 09
		<i>Armeniaca vulgaris</i>	34° 27' 55.92" N 47° 41' 28.68" E	Sahne	27 May 09
	<i>Chlidaspis asiatica</i> (Archangel'skaya, 1930)	<i>Prunus domestica</i>	34° 27' 54.82" N 47° 40' 52.08" E	Sahne	27 May 09
			34° 19' 24.00" N 47° 06' 26.22" E	Agricultural University	20 Jul 08
		<i>Amygdalus</i> sp.	34° 79' 31.25" N 47° 58' 93.12" E	Songhor, Mazzeralla	10 Dec 08
Diaspididae					
	<i>Chortinaspis salavatiani</i> (Balachowsky & Kaussari, 1951)	Rhizomes of <i>Agropyron repens</i>	34° 58' 49.73" N 45° 44' 37.14" E	Songhor, Mazzeralla	11 Sep 09
	<i>Diaspidiotus elaeagni</i> (Borchsenius, 1939)	<i>Amygdalus</i> sp.	34° 79' 31.25" N 47° 58' 93.12" E	Songhor, Mazzeralla	11 Sep 09
	<i>Diaspidiotus perniciosus</i> (Comstock, 1881)	<i>Prunus domestica</i>	34° 29' 12.61" N 46° 22' 77.22" E	Kerende gharb	21 Apr 08
	<i>Diaspidiotus prunorum</i> (Laing, 1931)	<i>Amygdalus</i> sp.	34° 79' 31.25" N 47° 58' 93.12" E	Songhor, Mazzeralla	10 Dec 08
	<i>Diaspidiotus</i> sp.	<i>Amygdalus scoparia</i>	34° 39' 38.84" N 47° 09' 66.68" E	ImamReza hospital	17 Apr 08

TABLE 1 (continued). Scale insects species found in the Kermanshah region, western Iran.

Family	Species	Host plants	GPS	Location	Sampling date
Diaspididae	<i>Lepidosaphes malicola</i> (Borchsenius, 1947)	<i>Malus domestica</i>	34° 36' 17.5" N 46° 57' 36.2" E	Vermenjeh village	10 May 09
	<i>Lepidosaphes ulmi</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	Cherry tree	34° 29' 2.26" N 47° 41' 15.26" E	Sahne	9 Apr 09
	<i>Lopholeucaspis</i> sp.	<i>Pinus</i> sp.	34° 19' 30.28" N 47° 5' 55.65" E	Agricultural University	16 Aug 09
	<i>Parlatoria bianchardii</i> (Targioni Tozzetti)	<i>Phoenix</i> sp.	34° 52' 18.75" N 45° 58' 48.22" E	Ghasre Shirin	22 Apr 09
	<i>Coccus hesperidum</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	<i>Yucca gloriosa</i> <i>Ficus elastic</i>	34° 19' 29.37" N 47° 5' 58.06" E 34° 34' 77.59" N 47° 08' 65.12" E	Agricultural University 22 bahman	12 May 09 28 Feb 09
Coccidae	<i>Didesmococcus unifasciatus</i> (archangeliskaya, 1923)	<i>Malus domestica</i>	34° 28' 35.01" N 47° 38' 57.14" E	Sahne	9 Apr 09
		<i>Amygdalus</i> sp.	34° 22' 27.22" N 47° 5' 50.34" E	Shahrake Azmayesh	24 Apr 09
	<i>Amygdalus scoparia</i>	Unknown location	Unknown location	Kermanshah	16 May 09
		34° 46' 45.54" N 47° 01' 25.44" E 34° 39' 74.08" N 47° 12' 78.46" E	Bistoon Sanandaj Road	19 Apr 09 11 Mar 09	

TABLE 1 (continued). Scale insects species found in the Kermanshah region, western Iran.

Family	Species	Host plants	GPS	Location	Sampling date
Coccidae	<i>Eulecanium rugulosum</i> (Archangelskaya, 1937)	<i>Malus domestica</i>	34° 33' 92.26" N 47° 42' 57.18" E	Harsin Road	27 May 09
	<i>Eulecanium</i> sp.	<i>Quercus brantii</i>	34° 39' 74.08" N 47° 12' 78.46" E	Parke Koohestan	2 Jul 08
		<i>Amygdalus scoparia</i>	34° 23' 35.84" N 47° 6' 38.29" E	Razi University	12 Apr 09
			34° 23' 55.66" N 47° 7' 40.91" E	Parke Koohestan	12 Apr 09
	<i>Eulecanium tiliae</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	<i>Prunus domestica</i>	34° 44' 44.75" N 47° 42' 57.18" E	Mian Darband	4 May 09
		<i>Armeniaca vulgaris</i>	34° 47' 52.76" N 47° 00' 52.29" E	Sanandaj Road	18 Apr 09
		<i>Rosa</i> sp.	34° 20' 57.81" N 47° 4' 51.39" E	Kermanshah city	10 May 09
	<i>Hadzibejliaspis stipae</i> (Hadzibejli, 1960)	grasses	34° 23' 54.36" N 47° 7' 38.49" E	Parke Koohestan	12 Apr 09
	<i>Rhodococcus</i> sp.	<i>Ficus johannis</i>	34° 23' 56.35" N 47° 7' 41.30" E	Tagh Bostan	15 May 09
	Pseudo-coccidae	<i>Crittinococcus</i> sp.	<i>Euphorbia helioscopia</i>	34° 79' 31.25" N 47° 58' 93.12" E	Songhor, Mazzeralla
<i>Planococcus vovae</i> (Nasonov, 1908)		<i>Cupressus arizonica</i>	34° 19' 27.98" N 47° 5' 55.51" E	Agriculture University	11 Apr 09

TABLE 1 (continued). Scale insects species found in the Kermanshah region, western Iran.

Family	Species	Host plants	GPS	Location	Sampling date
Pseudo-coccidae	<i>Pseudococcus</i> sp.	<i>Lactuca</i> sp.	34° 19' 30.28" N 47° 5' 55.65" E	Agricultural University	2 Aug 09
	<i>Trabutina crassispinosa</i> (Borkhsenius, 1936)	<i>Tamarix</i> sp.	34° 78' 82.05" N 48° 11' 57.68" E	Songhor. Hoseyn Abad	27 Aug 09
	<i>Neomargarodes</i> sp.	<i>Hordeum balbosum</i>	34° 78' 01.41" N 47° 56' 03.87" E	Pardis, Kermanshah	15 Aug 09
Margarodidae	<i>Porphyrophora cynodontis</i> (Archangelskaya, 1935)	<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	34° 75' 02.45" N 47° 53' 70.41" E	Songhor, Satar, Mazralleh	3 Aug 09
	<i>Porphyrophora tritici</i> (Bodenheimer, 1941)	<i>Triticum</i> spp <i>Bromus</i> spp	34° 76' 77.33" N 47° 52' 68.55" E	Songhor, Satar, Mazralleh	4 May 09
	<i>Acanthococcus costatus</i> (Danzig, 1975)	<i>Ulmus</i> sp.	34° 23' 23.51" N 47° 6' 22.00" E	Olum University	12 Apr 09
Eriococcidae	<i>Acanthococcus isacanthus</i> (Danzig, 1975)	<i>Ulmus</i> sp.	34° 29' 15.35" N 47° 41' 40.21" E	Songhor	27 May 09
	<i>Orthezia urticae</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)	<i>Astragalus gossypinus</i>	34° 77' 18.12" N 47° 49' 33.26" E	Songhor, Mazralleh	10 Dec 08

C. asiatica is particularly destructive and causes desiccation in man-made, non-irrigated almond orchards. Additionally, this study shows that *C. asiatica* and *E. tiliae* are both highly polyphagous and are both widely distributed in association with Rosaceae. *Di-desmococcus unifasciatus* (Archangelskaya) (Hemiptera: Coccidae) and *Diaspidiotus* sp. (Diaspididae) also occur in uncultivated areas on *Amygdalus scoparia* (Rosaceae), a mid-altitude shrub on the hillsides. *D. unifasciatus* is often abundant in both natural conditions and in man-made hillside orchards, particularly on *Amygdalus vulgaris*, *Armeniaca vulgaris*, and *Prunus domestica*. Many of the scale insect species now known from Kermanshah are potentially dangerous to cultivated perennial trees in non-irrigated areas. Because of this, we do not recommend the establishment of nut and fruit orchards under such natural conditions and are concerned about those which have been planted in the last two or three decades.

Acknowledgements

The authors also thank several referees for their useful criticisms. The specimens have confirmed and identified by Dr C.J. Hodgson.

References

- Akbarinoshad, S.D. 1993. Bioecological study of *Porphyrophora tritici* (Hom: Margarodidae), a wheat root pest in East Azarbaijan. Proceeding of the 11th plant Protection Congress of Iran, p 3-4.
- Archangelskaya, A.D. 1937. The Coccidae of Middle Asia. Izdatelstvo Komiteta Nauk UZSSR, Tashkent, 158 pp.
- Asadeh, Gh. and M.S. Mosaddegh. 1991. The mealybug fauna of Khuzestan province. The Scientific Journal of Agriculture 6: 47-52.
- Balachowsky, A.S. and M. Kaussari. 1951. Coccoidea - Diaspinae nouveaux du Sud-Est de l'Iran. Bulletin de la Societe Fouad 1^{er} d'Entomologie 35: 1-51.
- Balachowsky, A.S. and M. Kaussari. 1953. Sur un *Melanaspis* CKII. nouveaux (Coccoidea-Diaspinae) vivant sur chene en Iran. Renué de pathologie Vegetale et d'Entomologie Agricole de France 32: 28-31.
- Balachowsky, A.S. 1967. Une espece nouvelle *Fiorinia* (Coccoidea-Diaspidini) vivant sur palmier-dattier dans les oasis du sud de l'Iran. Annual Review. Entomological Society of France 3: 771-775.
- Ben-Dov, Y., D.R. Miller and G.A.P. Gibson. 2010. ScaleNet, Classification. <http://www.sel.barc.usda.gov/scalenet/classif.htm> (last accessed on 10 May 2010).
- Bodenheimer, F.S. 1943. A first Survey of the Coccoidea of Iraq. Ministry of Economics Directorate, General of Agriculture, Bulletin No. 28 (In English and Arabic), 94 pp.
- Bodenheimer, F.S. 1944. Notes on the Coccoidea of Iran, with description of new species. Bulletin de la Societe Fouad 1^{er} d'Entomologie 27: 25- 60.
- Borchsenius, N.S. 1966. A Catalogue of the Armored Scale Insects (Diaspidoidea) of the World. Nauka, Moscow & Leningrad. 449 pp.
- Danzig, E.M. 1993. Fauna of Russia and neighbouring countries, scale insects (Coccinea), Rhynchota, families Phoenicococcidae and Diaspididae. Nauka Publishing House. Vol. X, 452 pp.
- Davachi, A. and F. Taghizadeh. 1955. Citrus pests of Iran. Nashriye Azmayeshgahe dafae afate daneshkade keshavarzie karaj, 74 pp. (in Persian)
- Fowjhan, M.A. and F. Kozár. 1994. New data on the scale insects fauna (Homoptera: Coccoidea) of fruit plants in Afghanistan. Acta Phytopathologica et Entomologica Hungarica 29: 343-347.

- Hodgson, C.J. and R.C. Henderson. 2000. The Coccidae (Insecta: Hemiptera: Coccoidea). Fauna of New Zealand 41: 1-264.
- Kaussari, M. 1952. Sur une Cochenille nouvelle du sud-est de L'Iran. Revue de Pathologie vegetale et d'entomologie agricole de France T. XXXIV, 3: 181-184.
- Kaussari, M. 1954. Sur un *Dynaspidiotus* Thiem et Gerneck (Hem., Coccoidea) nouveau de L'ouest de L'Iran. Revue de Pathologie vegetale et d'entomologie agricole de France T. XXXVIII 2: 80-83.
- Kaussari, M. 1955. Sur trois Coccoidea Diaspidinae nouveaux de L'Iran. Revue de Pathologie vegetale et d'entomologie agricole de France T. XXXI 3: 229-237.
- Kaussari, M. 1956. Sur un *Dynaspidiotus* Thiem et Gerneck (*Coccoidea-Aspidiotini*) nouveau des environs de chiraz (Iran). Revue de Pathologie vegetale et d'entomologie agricole de France T. XXXV 2: 101-104.
- Kaussari, M. 1957. The second list of scale insects in Iran. Plant pests and Diseases Journal 16 & 17: 1-4. (in Persian)
- Kaussari, M. 1958. Sur deux Aspidiotini-Aspidiotina (Coccoidea) du sud de L'Iran. Revue de Pathologie vegetale et d'entomologie agricole de France T. XXXVII 4: 229-234.
- Kaussari, M. 1959. Sur un *Contingaspis* (Coccoidea – Diaspidini) nouveau du center de L'Iran. Revue de Pathologie vegetale et d'entomologie agricole de France T. XXXVIII 2: 131-134.
- Kaussari, M. 1964. Genre nouveaux et especes nouvelles de DIASPIDIDAE de L'IRAN. Conseil Superieur de Recherches Agronomiques Bulletin N 5, 112pp. (in Persian and English)
- Kaussari, M. 1970. Monographie des Coccoidea de L IRAN. Agricultural Ministry (Sazmane hefze nabatat). (in Persian)
- Kaussari, M. 1971a. The scale insects of fruit trees in Iran. Agricultural Ministry (Nashriye Azmayeshgahe edareye kole dafe afate nabati) 5: 44-51. (in Persian)
- Kaussari, M. 1971b. The scale insects of fruit trees in Iran. Agricultural Ministry (Nashriye Azmayeshgahe edareye kole dafe afate nabati) 6 & 7: 22-27. (in Persian)
- Kaussari, M. 1974. Scale insects of willow (*Salix* spp.) in Iran. Plant pests and Diseases Journal 11: 1-17. (in Persian)
- Kaussari, M. and Gh. Farahbakhch. 1968. Monographie des Coccoidea Tribu Aspidiotini, Sous-tribu Aspidiotina au rang de Famille Diaspididae. Agricultural Ministry (Daftare tamarkoze tahghighat va hamahangie keshavarzi). 155 pp. (in Persian)
- Kozár, F. 1998. Catalogue of Palaearctic Coccoidea. Plant Protection Institute, Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest, 526 pp.
- Kozár, F., M.A. Fowjhan and M. Zarabi. 1996. Check-list of Coccoidea and Aleyrodoidea (Homoptera) of Afghanistan and Iran, with additional data to the scale insects of fruit trees in Iran. Acta. Phytopathologica et Entomologica Hungarica 31: 61-74.
- Moghadam, M. 1998. Fauna of armoured scales (Homoptera: Diaspididae) of Fars province. M.Sc. Thesis of Entomology. Shiraz University.
- Moghaddam, M. 2006. The mealybugs of southern Iran (Hem.: Coccoidea: Pseudococcidae). Journal of Entomological Society of Iran 26: 1-11.
- Moghaddam, M. and M. Tavakoli. 2010. Scale insects of the central Zagros region in Iran (Hemiptera: Coccoidea). Applied Entomology and Phytopathology 77: 27-46.
- Safar-alizadae MH. and M. Bahador, 1987. Introduction of the wheat pest (*Porphyrophora tritici*) to Iran. Iranian Entomological Society 9: 29-37. (in Persian)

- Seghatoleslami, H. 1977. List of scale insects (Fam. Diaspididae) of Iran. *Journal of Entomological Society of Iran* 4: 5-19.
- Takagi, S. and Moghaddam, M. 2005. New or noteworthy armoured scale insects occurring in Iran (Homoptera: Coccoidea: diaspididae). *Insecta matsumurana* 61: 43-47.
- Vahedi, H.A. 1992. Morphology and bioecology of *Porphyrophora tritici* (Bodenheimer) (Hom.: Margarodidae) in Kermanshah, Iran. MSc thesis, University of Shahid Chamran (Aheaz). 82 pp.
- Vahedi, H.A. 1995. Impact of cultural methods on the population fluctuation of *Porphyrophora tritici* (Bod.) (Hem.: Margarodidae). *Proceedings of 4th Iranian Agronomy and Plant Breeding Congress*, 25 August, Isfahan, Iran. (summary in Persian)
- Vahedi, HA. 1999. The biology of *Porphyrophora tritici* (Bod.) (Hem.: Coccoidea: Margarodidae) and the effect of some farming practices on its populations in Kermanshah, Iran. *Proceedings of VIII International Symposium on Scale Insect Studies*, Wye, England, 1999. *Entomologica Bari* 33: 375-363.
- Vahedi, H.A. 2002. A revision of the genus *Porphyrophora* (Hemiptera: Coccoidea: Margarodidae) with particular reference to the Middle-east and with a discussion of the relationship of the hypogaecic margarodids. Ph.D. thesis, Imperial College at Wye, University of London.
- Vahedi, H.A. 2004. Notes on the biology of *Porphyrophora cynodontis* (Archangelskaia) (Hem.: Coccoidea: Margarodidae) under field and laboratory condition in Kermanshah, Iran. *Proceedings of the 10th International Symposium on Scale Insect Studies*, 19th-23rd April 2004, Adana, Turkey. 257-263.
- Vahedi, H.A. 2007. Preliminary studies on morphology and biology of a *Neomargarodes* sp. (Hemiptera: Coccoidea: Margarodidae) from Iran. *Proceedings of the XI International Symposium on Scale Insect Studies*, Oeiras, Portugal, 24-27 September 2007: 21-27.
- Vahedi, H.A. and C.J. Hodgson. 2002. Phylogenetic relationships among genera of hypogaecic Margarodidae (Hem.: Margarodidae). *15th Iranian Plant Protection Congress*, Kermanshah, September 2002. (summary's pages: 185 in English and 314 in Persian)
- Vahedi, H.A. and C.J. Hodgson 2007. Some species of the hypogeal scale insect genus *Porphyrophora* Brandt (Hemiptera: Sternorhyncha: Coccoidea: Margarodidae) from Europe, the Middle East and North Africa. *Journal of Systematics & Biodiversity* 5: 23-122.
- Vahedi, H.A. and S.H. Hodjat. 1996. An outline of the morphology and bioecology of *Porphyrophora tritici* (Bodenheimer) (Hom.: Margarodidae) in Kermanshah, Iran. *The scientific Journal of Agriculture*, Shahid Chamran University 18: 57-70. (in Persian, English summary)

Προκαταρκτική μελέτη των κοκκοειδών εντόμων στην περιοχή Kermanshah, στο δυτικό Ιράν

M. TORABI¹, H.A. VAHEDI¹ ΚΑΙ C.J. HODGSON²

¹*Plant protection Dept., Agricultural College, Razi University, Kermanshah, Iran*

²*Department of Biodiversity and Biological Systematics,
the National Museum of Wales Cardiff, UK*

ΠΕΡΙΛΗΨΗ

Στην παρούσα εργασία έγινε προσπάθεια καταγραφής των κοκκοειδών εντόμων σε καλλιεργούμενα και μη φυτά στην περιοχή Kermanshah, στο δυτικό Ιράν, την περίοδο 2007 με 2009. Περισσότερα από 63 δείγματα συλλέχθηκαν από καλλιεργούμενα και μη φυτά. Τα είδη που αναγνωρίστηκαν ανήκουν στις οικογένειες: Diaspididae (12 είδη), Coccidae (7), Pseudococcidae (4), Margarodidae (3), Eriococcidae (2) και Ortheziidae (1). Η οικονομική σημασία ορισμένων ειδών συζητάται. Η εργασία είναι μέρος μεταπτυχιακής διατριβής που δεν έχει ολοκληρωθεί και αναμένονται και άλλα είδη να βρεθούν και να καταγραφούν μέχρι την ολοκλήρωσή της.