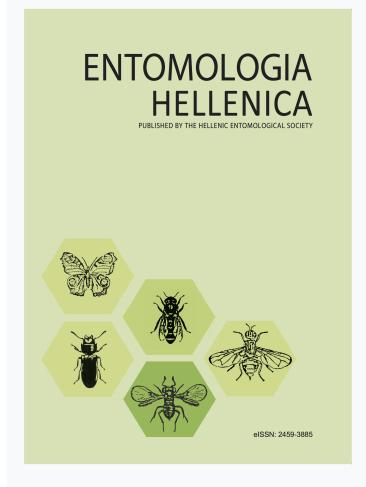




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# Additional records of hoverflies (Diptera: Syrphidae) from Samos island, Greece

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#### **ABSTRACT**

In connection with the 10th International Symposium on Syrphidae in Lesbos, a pre- and post-Symposium collecting expedition was held on the island of Samos, Greece in September 2019. In total 62 species were collected of which 19 are new to the island of Samos. Moreover, *Ischiodon aegyptius* and *Paragus compeditus* are generally new to Greece. The genera *Eumerus* and *Merodon* are well investigated in the SE Mediterranean area, and especially the Greek islands. The discovery of respectively five and two new species for Samos, during this very short visit, shows that with more effort many new species regarding the Shyrphidae fauna of this island are to be expected.

KEY WORDS: checklist, Eumerus, Merodon, new fauna records.

#### Introduction

The family Syrphidae is a well-studied group of flies (Diptera), especially in Europe, with an increasing knowledge on Mediterranean species (Vujić et al. 2020b). The Greek Syrphidae fauna consists of 418 species of which 88 are known from Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b). Thirty of the previously recorded hoverfly species of Samos belong to the genera *Eumerus* Meigen, 1822 and *Merodon* Meigen, 1803.

Larvae of the species of these genera depend on a diversity of bulbous plants for their larval development. Adults are known to visit the flowers of their larval food sources. These genera have been investigated intensively in the SE Mediterranean basin, during the last decades (e.g. Chroni et al. 2018, Grković et al. 2017, Radenković et al. 2017, Ståhls et al. 2016, Vujić et al. 2020a).

In September 2019, a small group of Dipterists visited Samos, during the 10th International Symposium on Syrphidae in Lesbos, Greece, to enlarge the knowledge on the Syrphidae fauna of the island.

#### **Materials and Methods**

The expedition was conducted during 2-7 and on the 17th of September 2019. Several localities were visited during the expedition for handnet collecting of Syrphidae. These localities are described below in more detail. Initially it was also planned to set up Malaise traps, but this was skipped because there were no suitable patches to place the traps partly due to present goat herds. The species were identified using the commonly known literature (Van Veen 2006, Speight and Sarthou 2017). Ana Grković and Ante Vujić checked at least one voucher specimen of all species of the genera *Eumerus* and *Merodon*.

Plants are identified with their names from the World Flora online website (WFO 2021), the predecessor of "The Plant List" a working list of all plant species as established by the collaboration between the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew and Missouri Botanical Garden.

Photos of the habitat were taken by JSA using a Nikon Coolpix P510 camera or by ASW using a Sony DSC HX400V with Canon Close-Up lens 500D. The figures of the species have been compiled from multiple photos using a Canon EOS D6 with a canon MP-E 5x macro-zoom lens and a Yongnuo YN14EX macro ring flash. The photos were- processed by Zerene Stacker to get an entirely in focus picture. This picture was further edited in GIMP 2.8.22 to create the figures as given in this paper.

Most of the collected specimens are deposited in the private collections of the authors, indicated by the acronyms given in the address section. Some specimens have been transferred to alcohol for DNA barcoding and are deposited in either the Department of Biology and Ecology, Faculty of Sciences, University of Novi Serbia, the Canadian National Collection of Insects, Arachnids Nematodes, Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada. Ottawa. Canada Zoologisches Forschungsmuseum Alexander Koenig, Bonn, Germany.



FIG 1. Map with collecting localities on Samos, Greece.

#### **Collecting localities** (Fig. 1)

- 1. Pythagorio, Maritsa's Bay. Rocky with flowering Crithmum maritimum L., 37°41'53"N, 26°58'05"E, 5 m a.s.l., visited 2-IX.
- 2. Mykali wetland, Mykali Beach, Psili Ammos, 1,8 km SE of Mesokampos. Situated at the south site of the island along the beach. Reedland with small freshwater pools (Fig. 3C) containing Phragmites australis (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud., Arundo donax L. and Typha latifolia L. Also, light brackish vegetation with some flowering plants such as Mentha longifolia (L.), europaeus L., Pulicaria Lvcopus
- dysenterica (L.) Gaertn. Epilobium sp. and Cirsium palustre (L.) Coss. ex Scop. On the beach also flowering C. maritimum. Visited 2-IX (2a) and 7-IX (2b), 37°42'27"N, 26°59'11"E, 2 m a.s.1.
- 3. Psili Ammos, Foeniculum vulgare Mill, on rock debris on the border of an olive grove, 37°42'40"N, 26°59'44"E, 12 m a.s.l., visited 2-IX.
- 4. Between Myli and Agius Prodromus, flowering F. vulgare at the border of alluvial Platanus orientalis L. forest, 37°41'32.9"N. 26°49'47.8"E. 205 m a.s.l. (Fig. 4A), and a bean field on the border of the alluvial P. orientalis forest, with some flowering Daucus



FIG 2. Collecting sites, A. Valeondades houses with flowering Trachelospermum jasminoides and Bougainvillea sp., locality 6a. B. Mt Lazaros. Orchard with Hedera helix bush along the gravel road, locality 7a. C. Abandoned field with Foeniculum vulgare East of Agios Konstantinos, locality 8. D. Colchicum variegatum at the top of Mt Lazaros, locality 7c.

- *carota* L., 37°41'33"N, 26°49'59"E, 300 m a.s.l., both visited 3-IX.
- 5. Myli, Imvressos river, path crossing the river with a patch of flowering *M. longifolia* in a small gap in *P. orientalis* alluvial forest, 37°40'42.4"N, 26°51'00.0"E, 66 m a.s.l. and Myli, near village, border of arable field with *F. vulgare* and *Rubus ulmifolius* Schott., 37°40'43.0"N, 26°51'11"E 57 m a.s.l., visited 3-IX.
- 6. Valeondades 1-1,8 km South of Agios Konstantinos, situated on the North side of the island in the famous Nightingale valley with old *P. orientalis* trees and many *Hedera helix* L. along a stream with running water. A little upstream there was a stand of

- natural, partly evergreen forest with *Laurus nobilis* and a small, abandoned field full of flowering *F. vulgare* visited between 4-IX and 9-IX.
- a. Surroundings of the houses of Valeondades on flowering *Trachelospermum jasminoides* (Lindl.) Lem. (Fig. 2A) and *Bougainvillea* sp., 37°47'44.94"N, 26°49'40.39"E, 90 m a.s.l.
- b. Abandoned field along the road with *F. vulgare*, 37°47'35.65"N, 26°49'38.12"E, visited 4-IX and 6-IX, 110 m a.s.l.
- c. Seepage area and small stream with *M. longifolia* and *Euphorbia* sp.,37°47'33.10"N,26°49'34.40"E, visited 4-IX, 130 m a.s.l.



FIG 3. Collecting sites. A. Mt Lazaros, mountain top, locality 7c. B. Mt Lazaros, slope with open area in *Pinus halepensis* forest, locality 7b. C. Mykali wetland with small freshwater pool, locality 2b. D. Fourniotikos river estuary, East of Karlovasi, with *Crithmum maritimum*, locality 10.

- 7. Mount Lazaros. The second highest mountain of the central Ampelos mountains near the highest mountain top of Karvouni (1153 m).
  - a. Orchard along a road under Lazaros summit, 2,6 km S of Vourliotes orchard (apple) in a Pinus halepensis Mill. forest with diversity of scrubs: Crataegus sp., Prunus sp., Quercus sp. and Pistachio sp. Small spring in orchard with H. helix (Fig. 2B), D. carota, M. longifolia and P. dysenterica (L.)Gaertn.. 37°45'39.36"N.26°50'56.13"E. 810 m a.s.l., 4-IX, 5-IX (7a1) and 17-IX (7a2).
  - b. Slope directly under the steep part of Lazaros mountain, close to a dirt road in young P. halepensis forest with open patches (Fig. 3B) with *Pteridium aquilinum* (L.) Kuhn., Carlina corymbosa L. and Taraxacum sp., 37°45'24.04"N, 26°50'49.03"E, 930 m a.s.l. 4-IX, 5-IX (7b1) and 17-IX (7b2).
  - c. Summit exposed bare rocky dolomite hilltop (Fig. 3A) of Mount Lazaros (1025 m) with limestone many rocks scattered scrubs, mainly Juniperus sp. and Quercus coccifera L., with some flowering Colchicum variegatum L. (Fig. 2D). 37°45'27.97"N, 26°50'57.04"E, 1025 m a.s.l. visited 5-IX (7c1) and 17-IX (7c2).
- 8. East of Agios Konstantinos, Kakorema river, abandoned field near the sea, with flowering F. vulgare (Figs 2C, 5C) and ulmifolius, 37°48'19.64"N. Rubus 26°49'43.96"E, 1 m a.s.l. visited 4-IX and 6-IX.

- 9. Megalo, Karlovasi. dry riverbed overgrown with grasses with reed. Typha sp., M. longifolia, F. vulgare, Persicaria sp., 100m from 37°47'55.30"N. 26°42'03.41"E. 5m a.s.l. visited 5-IX.
- 10. Fourniotikos river estuary, E Karlovasi, grass overgrown dry riverbed (estuary) with a pool, Typha sp., reed and a seashore with pebbles and M. longifolia, Persicaria sp., C. maritimum 3D). 37°48'17.76"N. 26°42'58.14"E, 1 m a.s.l., visited 5-IX.
- 11. "Airport", a wetland 2.25 km SW of the airport between Ireo and Potokaki. Cattle grazed grass- and reedland with dry ditches. Phragmites australis and Arundo donax, with flowering M. longifolia and Dittrichia graveolens (L.) 37°40'42.43"N. 26°53'40.82"E, 1 m a.s.l., visited 7-IX.
- 12. Imvressos estuary East of Ireo, river outlet with a pool surrounded with reed and waste land, M. longifolia, Lycopus europaeus, Cynanchum acutum L., 37°39'56.90"N, 26°53'3.59"E, 1 m a.s.l., visited 7-IX.
- 13. Bridge over Imvressos river 1 km E of Myli, riverbed with streaming water at the bridge, and flowering F. vulgare, 37°40'44"N, 26°52'07"E, 20 m a.s.l., visited 7-IX (Fig. 4D).
- 14. Kerkis Mountains, Kallithea forest. Situated on the west site of the island. Mainly dry pine and juniper forest with a few natural springs with wet vegetation containing flowering M. longifolia. Most specimens of hoverflies were collected in a steep valley with some very old P. orientalis trees often fully grown over by *H. helix*. This valley also contained some running water. Unfortunately, this site was also in use by local beekeepers outcompeting many

- of the wild bees, Syrphidae and other natural pollinators.
- a. Water tank along road, Kerkis mountain, 1.6 km E of Kalithea, moist area, *M. longifolia*, 37°43'51"N, 26°35'58"E, 550 m a.s.l., visited 6-IX.
- River valley near the side of forest road, Kerkis mountain, 1.5 km S of Drakei, River valley and stream. Old *Platanus* trees with flowering *Hedera*, 37°44'46"N, 26°36'50"E,

- 500-580 m a.s.l., visited 6-IX (Fig. 4B).
- c. Roadside near curve and dried out stream, Kerkis mountain, 1.3 km NE of Kalithea, *H. helix* and *F. vulgare*, 37°44'14"N, 26°35'46"E, 200 m a.s.l., visited 6-IX.
- d. Field at entrance of Kalithea, Kerkis mountain, 0.2 km N of Kalithea. Vineyard with flowering *F. vulgare*, 37°44'06"N, 26°34'51"E, 200 m a.s.l., visited 6-IX.



FIG 4. Collecting sites. A. Agius Prodromus, flowering *Foeniculum vulgare* at the border of alluvial *Platanus orientalis* L. forest, locality 4, photo ASW. B. Kerkis Mountains, Kallithea forest, River valley near edge of forest road with huge *P. orientalis* trees overgrown by flowering *Hedera helix*, locality 14b, photo LJEW. C. Abandoned field with *F. vulgare* East of Agios Konstantinos, locality 8, photo WSB. D. Bridge over Imvressos river, flowering *F. vulgare*, locality 13. photo WSB.

15. Kokkari Centre, opposite one of the town bakeries, 37°46'42"N, 26°53'33"E, a.s.l., flowering Pandorea jasminoides (Lindl.) K.Schum., visited 4-IX.

#### Results

On Samos, at the end of the dry season, only a few plants and scrubs are in flowering, and running or standing freshwater is scarce. Therefore, of the many visited localities all over the island, there was only a limited number at which more than 10 specimens of hoverflies were collected. This was mainly in humid valleys, especially with running fresh water, and from coastal wetland areas with standing fresh water. Many specimens and species were collected on flowering Foeniculum vulgare and Hedera helix, also on dry arable fields and along roadsides. Furthermore, quite some specimens were collected hilltopping on Mount Lazaros, part of them on the few flowers and shrubs around or sitting on bare rocks.

The species records were as follows:

Callicera aurata (Rossi, 1790) (Fig. 5A, 7A)

Widespread Mediterranean species, recorded in Greece (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 7a1: 28  $\bigcirc$ ; 7a2: 5  $\bigcirc$ ; 7c1: 1  $\bigcirc$ .

Remarks. Found along a road below Mount Lazaros visiting flowers of *H. helix*. Only females, several at one time, rather slowly flying around the bush and hovering at some distance from the flowers before landing and feeding on the flowers.

Callicera macquartii Rondani, 1844 (Fig. 6A)

Widespread Mediterranean species, recorded in Greece (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 7a1: 11 $\circlearrowleft$ , 7 $\circlearrowleft$ ; 7a2: 1 $\circlearrowleft$ ; 14b: 1♀: 14c: 1♀.

Remarks. Males and females visited H. helix. On Mount Lazaros together with many C. aurata and one C. rufa. This species was mostly found at medium height or low in the bush and feeding on more hidden flowers than C. aurata. Seems to fly a bit faster than C. aurata and less often seen hovering near the flowers. Also recorded from the West side of Samos.

Callicera rufa Schummel, 1842 (Fig. 6B)

Widespread Mediterranean species, in Greece only recorded from Lesvos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 7a2: 1  $\bigcirc$ .

Remarks. Collected on a flowering H. helix bush together with C. aurata and C. macquarti. Its small size and even more shiny appearance compared with the large C. aurata and the small but less shiny C. macquarti stood out in the field. This specimen was flying along the bush and hovering in front of the flowers.

Ceriana vespiformis (Latreille, 1809) (Fig. 8A)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 4: 16; 5: 66, 69; 6b: 19; 11:  $2^{\circ}$ ; 13: 13,  $2^{\circ}$ ; 14d: 23, 8 $^{\circ}$ .

Remarks. Found in several low to mid elevational areas. Males often fly low through F. vulgare and females and sometimes males visit the flowers of F. vulgare.

Cheilosia soror (Zetterstedt, 1843)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6b: 90, 29; 6c: 19; 7a1: 10; 14a:  $1^\circ$ ; 14b:  $3^\circ$ .



FIG 5. Adult Syrphidae feeding on *Hedera helix*. A. *Callicera aurata* female. B. *Milesia semiluctifera* male.

Remarks. Males were found hovering 2 to 3m above the ground in a *P. orientalis* forest in semi-shady conditions. Males and females were also found on flowering *F. vulgare* in the same *P. orientalis* forest. Also found on Mount Lazaros and on Mount Kerkis on Hedera helix and on old *P. orientalis* trees covered by *H. helix*.

Chrysogaster mediterraneus Vujić, 1999 (Fig. 6C)

Rare East-Mediterranean species and in Greece also rare with one record from Samos (Vujić 1999, Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6b: 1  $\bigcirc$ .

Remarks. Found on *F. vulgare* in a small, abandoned field in a *P. orientalis* forest with a nearby water filled stream.

Chrysotoxum intermedium Walker, 1851

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 2b:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ; 6b:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ; 8:  $3 \circlearrowleft$ ; 9:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ .

Remarks. Found on *F. vulgare* in orchards and abandoned fields.

Dasysyrphus albostriatus (Fallén, 1817)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6b:  $4\vec{\circlearrowleft}$ , 1 intersexe 7a1:  $1\vec{\circlearrowleft}$ . Remarks. Five males and an intersexe were collected. One male on *H. helix* in a *Pinus* 

collected. One male on *H. helix* in a *Pinus halepensis* forest and the other specimens on *F. vulgare* in a *P. orientalis* forest.

Episyrphus balteatus (De Geer, 1776)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 6a: 1  $\updownarrow$ ; 6b: 1  $\updownarrow$ .

Remarks. Only two females of this otherwise very common species were collected near the small settlement of Valeondades.

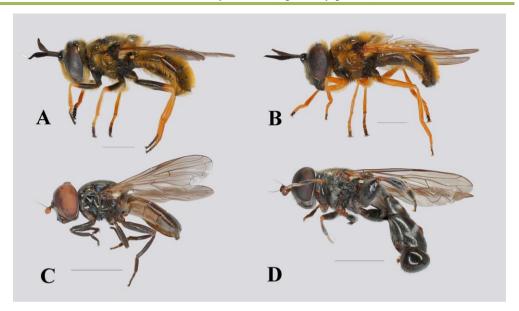


FIG 6. Adult habitus, lateral view. A. Callicera macquarti female. B. C. rufa female. C. Chrysogaster mediterraneus female. D. Eumerus clavatus male. Scale 2.5 mm.

Eristalinus (Lathyrophthalmus) aeneus (Scopoli, 1763)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 2b:  $1^{\circ}$ ; 8:  $1^{\circ}$ ,  $2^{\circ}$ ; 9:  $3^{\circ}$ ,  $2^{\circ}$ ; 10: 1♂, 1♀.

Remarks. Found along the seashore flying low above the ground, settling on rocks and feeding on C. maritimum.

Eristalinus megacephalus (Rossi, 1794)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 2b:  $2^{\circ}$ ; 8:  $1^{\circ}$ ; 12:  $1^{\circ}$ ; 13: 18.

Remarks. Found along the Southern seashore along reedbeds or herbrich meadows. Visiting flowers of Ρ. dysenterica.

Eristalinus taeniops (Wiedemann, 1818)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vuiić et al. 2020b).

New records. 7c1:  $1^{\circ}$ ; 8:  $1^{\circ}$ ,  $6^{\circ}$ ; 9:  $1^{\circ}$ ; 12: 19; 14d: 16, 19.

Remarks. Found in several localities throughout the island in a wide range of habitats visiting flowers of C. variegatum, F. vulgare and H. helix. The species was collected near the sea, but also in the mountains and even on a mountain top.

Eristalis arbustorum (Linnaeus, 1758)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 7a2:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ; 14d:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ .

Remarks. Only two records of this otherwise common and widespread species. Found on D. carota in an apple orchard within a *P. halepensis* forest.

Eristalis similis (Fallén, 1817)

Widespread Mediterranean species. also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 14b: 4  $\updownarrow$ .

Remarks. Only found on Kerkis mountain on flowering *H. helix* in a *P. orientalis* forest.

Eristalis tenax (Linnaeus, 1758)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

Remarks. Found throughout the island along the coast and in the mountains, even hilltopping at Mount Lazaros. Visiting flowers of a wide range of plant species like *C. maritimum*, *F. vulgare*, *H. helix* and *L. europaeus*.

Eumerus amoenus Loew, 1848

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 7a1: 13; 7a2: 43, 22; 7c2: 22.

Remarks. Only found on Mt Lazaros, mainly in an apple orchard on *D. carota* and *F. vulgare*, females were found visiting *C. variegatum* at the summit of Mt Lazaros.

Eumerus argyropus Loew, 1848 (Figs 9A, 9B)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 7b2:  $1^{\circ}$ .

Remarks. Found on Mt Lazaros in a thistle field at the upper edge of the *P. halepensis* forest.

Eumerus armatus Ricarte & Rotheray in Ricarte et al. 2012

Rare and restricted East Mediterranean species, also recorded in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 7b2: 1  $\bigcirc$ .

Remarks. Found on Mt Lazaros in a thistle field at the upper edge of the *P. halepensis* forest.

Eumerus basalis Loew, 1848

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 1:  $4 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $2 \circlearrowleft$ ; 4:  $2 \circlearrowleft$ ; 5:  $7 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $3 \hookrightarrow$ ; 6b:  $40 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $18 \hookrightarrow$ ; 6c:  $3 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $2 \hookrightarrow$ ; 7a1:  $10 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $5 \hookrightarrow$ ; 7a2:  $6 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $2 \hookrightarrow$ ; 7b1:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ; 8:  $2 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $1 \hookrightarrow$ ; 14d:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ .

Remarks. Found on several mountains in open areas within *P. halepensis* and *P. orientalis* forests visiting flowers of *F. vulgare*.

Eumerus clavatus Becker, 1923 (Fig. 6D)

Rare Mediterranean species and in Greece only recorded from Lesbos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 7a1:  $2^{\circ}$ ; 7a2:  $3^{\circ}$ ; 14b:  $1^{\circ}$ ,  $1^{\circ}$ .

Remarks. Found in the Kerkis mountains in a *P. orientalis* forest on *H. helix* and at Mt Lazaros in an apple orchard on *H. helix* and *P. dysenterica*.

Eumerus lucidus Loew, 1848 (Figs 9C, 9D)

Rare Mediterranean species, also recorded in Greece (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 7a1: 1 ; 7c2: 1 .

Remarks. One female specimen was found at Mt Lazaros in an apple orchard in a *P. halepensis* forest. It was collected along an irrigation ditch at non-flowering low herbs with bright green leaves on an open sunlit

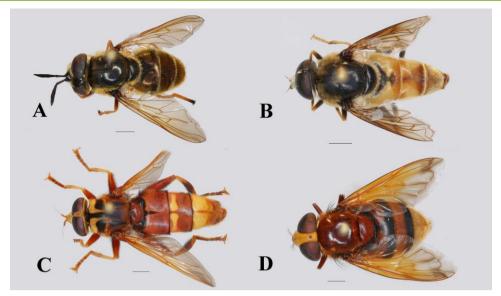


FIG 7. Adult habitus, dorsal view. A. Callicera aurata female. B. Merodon pruni male. C. Milesia crabroniformis male. D. Volucella zonaria female. Scale 2.5 mm.

spot under brambles. The other female was found at the hilltop of Mt Lazaros.

Eumerus niveitibia Becker, 1921 (Fig. 8B) Rare East Mediterranean species, also recorded in Greece (Vujić et al. 2020b). First record for Samos.

New records. 7a1: 13, 7a2: 13; 7b1: 63,  $6^{\circ}$ ; 7b2:  $1^{\circ}$ ; 7c1: 34 $^{\circ}$ ,  $4^{\circ}$ ; 7c2: 28 $^{\circ}$ ,  $1^{\circ}$ .

Remarks. High numbers of males were found on Mt Lazaros hilltop, sitting on rocky outcrops, and making swift but short flights chasing other Diptera, especially males of the same species. Also, some records of males and females from less barren parts lower down on the mountain in a small meadow and an orchard, mostly flower visiting or sitting on rocky ground.

#### Eumerus pusillus Loew, 1848

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in SE Greece and Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 8: 1  $\stackrel{\frown}{}$ .

Remarks. One female was collected on an abandoned field close to the sea while visiting flowers of F. vulgare.

Eumerus torsicus Grković & Vujić, 2015

Rare species, only found in Chios and Cyprus (Grković et al 2015, van Steenis et al 2019, Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 7b1: 1, 14b: 1.

Remarks. One female was collected on a slope directly under a steep part of Lazaros mountain, close to a dirt road, the other on a branch covered with moss along a stream in an old P. orientalis forest.

Eupeodes corollae (Fabricius, 1794)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 6b:  $2^{\circ}$ ; 7a1:  $2^{\circ}$ ,  $4^{\circ}$ ; 7a2:  $5\emptyset$ , 1; 7b1:  $1\emptyset$ ; 7b2:  $2\emptyset$ ; 7c1: 1; 7c2: 28, 19; 8: 19.

Remarks. Most records are from Mt Lazaros on flowers of H. helix.

Heringia heringi (Zetterstedt, 1843)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 7a1:  $3 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $32 \circlearrowleft$ ; 7a2:  $6 \circlearrowleft$ ; 7b1:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ .

Remarks. Several specimens were found on Mt Lazaros in an apple orchard within a *P. halepensis* forest, visiting flowers of *H. helix*.

Ischiodon aegyptius (Wiedemann, 1830) (Fig. 10A)

Oriental and Asian species, with recent records from the western Mediterranean basin; France and Spain (Lebard et al. 2019, Speight, 2020).

First record for Samos and Greece.

New records. 8: 26, 19; 12: 19.

Remarks. Collected along the North coast on abandoned fields visiting flowers of *F. vulgare* or flying swiftly through the vegetation. Also, on the south coast at a river estuary with reed beds.

Ischiodon scutellaris (Fabricius, 1805) (Fig. 10B)

Rare Mediterranean species, also recorded from NE Greece (De Courcy Williams et al. 2011) and Chios (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 8:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ; 12:  $2 \circlearrowleft$ ; 14d:  $8 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ; 15:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ .

Remarks. Found in the Kerkis mountains in an orchard with *F. vulgare* fields flying swiftly through and visiting flowers of *F. vulgare*. Also found in the town centre of Kokkari flying around a flowering *P. jasminoides*.

Meliscaeva auricollis Zetterstedt, 1822

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6a:  $2^{\circ}$ , 6b:  $1^{\circ}$ .

Remarks. Only one female of this otherwise common species was collected in the small settlement of Valeondades. One additional female was observed, but not collected, along a forest road at vegetation along a seepage from a water tank in a pine forest on Kerkis mountain (loc 14a).

Merodon albifrons Meigen, 1822

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 7a2:  $1^{\circ}$ ; 7b1:  $1^{\circ}$ ; 7b2:  $1^{\circ}$ ,  $1^{\circ}$ ; 7c2:  $1^{\circ}$ ;

Remarks. Found on Mt Lazaros where males were seen hilltopping and females lower down in thistle field or an apple orchard. Almost all specimens were collected at the end of the trip on the 17th of September.

Merodon aurifer Loew, 1862 (Fig. 8C)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 2a:  $1 \circ$ ; 5:  $2 \circ$ ,  $2 \circ$ ; 7b1:  $3 \circ$ ; 7c1:  $12 \circ$ ,  $1 \circ$ ; 7c2:  $14 \circ$ ; 8:  $3 \circ$ ; 11:  $1 \circ$ ; 12:  $1 \circ$ ,  $1 \circ$ ; 13:  $3 \circ$ ; 14d:  $2 \circ$ ,  $1 \circ$ .

Remarks. Males were collected on a hilltop sitting on barren ground and rocks and flying away very rapidly, when approached. Other males and females were collected throughout the island visiting flowers of *F. vulgare*.

Merodon avidus (Rossi, 1790)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 2b:  $1 \stackrel{\frown}{\Rightarrow}$ ; 6a:  $1 \stackrel{\frown}{\circ}$ ; 7a1:  $1 \stackrel{\frown}{\circ}$ ,  $1 \stackrel{\frown}{\Rightarrow}$ ; 7a2:  $3 \stackrel{\frown}{\circ}$ ,  $2 \stackrel{\frown}{\Rightarrow}$ ; 7b1:  $3 \stackrel{\frown}{\circ}$ ,  $8 \stackrel{\frown}{\Rightarrow}$ ; 7b2:  $1 \stackrel{\frown}{\circ}$ ,  $2 \stackrel{\frown}{\Rightarrow}$ ; 7c2:  $1 \stackrel{\frown}{\Rightarrow}$ .

Remarks. Found at lower elevation, mostly on Mt Lazaros in an apple orchard.

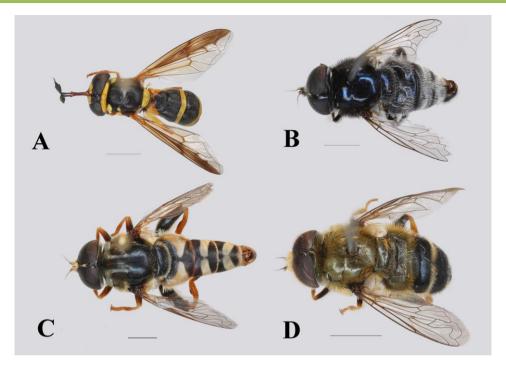


FIG 8. Adult habitus, dorsal view. A. Ceriana vespiformis female. B. Eumerus niveitibia male. C. Merodon aurifer male. D. Merodon sapphous male. Scale 2.5 mm.

Merodon erevanicus Paramonov, 1925

Widespread East Mediterranean species and common in Greece, on East Aegean islands including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 5: 1  $\bigcirc$  .

Remarks. The female was collected on F. vulgare.

Merodon italicus Rondani, 1845

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 7b1: 2  $\bigcirc$ .

Remarks. Only two females were collected on Mt Lazaros in an apple orchard.

Merodon neofasciatus Vujić, Ståhls & Radenković, 2018

Widespread species on the East Aegean islands including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 2b: 1 %.

Remarks. One male was collected at Mykali wetland in a flower rich area at the border of the reedbed.

Merodon pruni (Rossi, 1790) (Fig. 7B)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 7a1: 13; 7b1: 53, 12; 8: 13,

Remarks. Collected on Mt Lazaros in P. halepensis forest and two records from an abandoned field along the coast.

Merodon sapphous Vujić, Pérez-Bañon & Radenković, 2007 (Fig. 8D)

Rare Mediterranean species and in Greece only recorded from Lesbos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 7a1:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $2 \circlearrowleft$ ; 7a2:  $2 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $8 \hookrightarrow$ ; 7b1:  $3 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $1 \hookrightarrow$ ; 7b2:  $11 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $7 \hookrightarrow$ ; 7c1:  $1 \hookrightarrow$ .

Remarks. Found on Mt Lazaros in a *P. halepensis* forest. Most specimens were seen sitting on the ground or flying through vegetation of Thistles and ferns, sometimes close to *Taraxacum* spp. as if wanting to feed on the flowers. Also found in an extensive orchard visiting flowers of *H. helix* and *Pulicaria dysenterica* or along a water filled irrigation ditch sitting on bare ground or leaves of low herbs.

These specimens differ slightly from specimens from other Greek islands and might belong to a different species.

*Milesia crabroniformis* (Fabricius, 1775) (Fig. 7C)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6a:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $3 \circlearrowleft$ ; 6b:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $4 \hookrightarrow$ ; 7a1:  $6 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $8 \hookrightarrow$ ; 7a2:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $3 \hookrightarrow$ ; 14a:  $1 \hookrightarrow$ ; 14b:  $2 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $2 \hookrightarrow$ .

Remarks. Found in several mountainous areas, predominantly on *H. helix* bushes.

Females often visit the flowers of *Bougainvillea* spp., *H. helix* and *T. jasminoides*, and males are patrolling these bushes. While in flight, strongly resembling the workers of *Megascolia maculata* (Drury, 1773) (Hymenoptera) flying around the same bush. While flowers visiting no special behavioural mimicry could be observed. They do keep their wings partly spread to show the abdomen continuously, but since the wasps do cover their abdomen with the wings this seems not to be mimicry behaviour.

*Milesia semiluctifera* (Villers, 1789) (Fig. 5B)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 6a:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ; 6b:  $1 \hookrightarrow$ ; 7b1:  $2 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $1 \hookrightarrow$ ; 7c1:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $2 \hookrightarrow$ ; 8:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ; 14d:  $1 \hookrightarrow$ .

Remarks. Collected throughout the island, only in low numbers. Mainly found while flower visiting on *C. corymbosa* and *H. helix*, also seen flying low through *F. vulgare* fields.

Myathropa florea (Linnaeus, 1758)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6b:  $5\mathbb{Q}$ ; 7a1:  $5\mathbb{Q}$ ,  $5\mathbb{Q}$ ; 7a2:  $2\mathbb{Q}$ ; 8:  $1\mathbb{Q}$ ; 14a:  $1\mathbb{Q}$ ; 14b:  $2\mathbb{Q}$ ; 14d:  $1\mathbb{Q}$ .

Remarks. Found at Mt Lazaros in *P. halepensis* forest and on Kerkes mountain in *P. orientalis* forest often visiting flowers of *H. helix*.

Neoascia podagrica (Fabricius, 1775)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 2b:  $1 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ,  $1 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ; 5:  $1 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ; 6b:  $1 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ,  $3 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ; 6c:  $27 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ,  $9 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ; 14a:  $1 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ; 14b:  $1 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ .

Remarks. Found in great numbers on a small area with roadside vegetation of *M. longifolia* and *Euphorbia* sp. growing alongside a small stream with running water in a *P. orientalis* forest. Other scattered records are from other wet areas on the island.

Paragus bicolor (Fabricius, 1794)

Widespread Mediterranean species. also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6b:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ , 7a1:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ , 1\overline{1}.

Remarks. Found in an apple orchard at Mt Lazaros and in an abandoned field along the

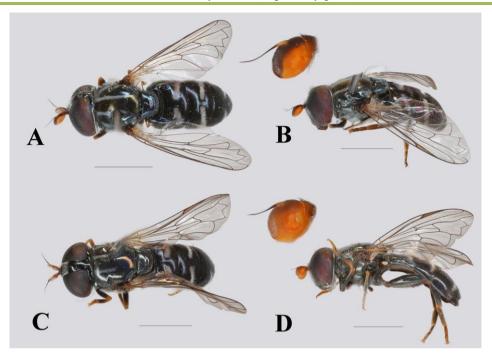


FIG 9. Adult habitus, A, C dorsal view; B, D lateral view. A, B. Eumerus argyropus female. C, D. E. lucidus female. Scale 2.5 mm. Antennae, lateral view; enlarged.

road, near Valeondades. Most of the Mediterranean specimens of P. bicolor could in fact be identified as P. romanicus Stănescu, 1992 (Tot et al. 2018) however the text in this paper is somewhat difficult to understand and it is possible the specimens on Samos actually belong to P. bicolor.

Paragus compeditus Wiedemann, 1830 (Fig. 10C)

Widespread Mediterranean species (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos and Greece.

New records. 12: 27 $\beta$ , 4 $\circ$ .

Remarks. Found abundantly Imvressous estuary on Mentha longifolia, together with P. haemorrhous and P. quadrifasciatus. The type locality of this species is Egypt and occurrence on the east Mediterranean islands is expected. From Europe it is only known from Italy, Ukraine and Cyprus (van Steenis et al. 2019, Speight 2020), and now from Greece.

Paragus haemorrhous Megerle in Meigen, 1822

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 7a1: 23; 9: 12; 12: 23; 14d: 1♀.

Remarks. Found low numbers in throughout the island from coastal areas to Mt Lazaros.

Paragus pecchiolii Rondani, 1857

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6b: 63; 7a1: 103, 19; 7a2: 43, 29; 7b1: 19.

Remarks. Found at Valeondades and Mt Lazaros.

Paragus quadrifasciatus Meigen, 1822

Widespread Mediterranean species. Previously recorded from Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 8:  $1^{\circ}$ ; 12:  $3^{\circ}$ ,  $3^{\circ}$ ; 14d:  $1^{\circ}$ .

Remarks. Found in a vineyard with abundant *F. vulgare* and at the Imvressous estuary on *M. longifolia*.

Paragus tibialis (Fallén, 1817)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 2b: 13; 7a2: 13.

Remarks. Two males, one from an apple orchard on Mt Lazaros and the other from Mikali beach reedbeds.

*Parhelophilus versicolor* (Fabricius, 1794) (Fig. 10D)

Rare Mediterranean species and in Greece only recorded in the northern parts (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 2a:  $2 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $2 \circlearrowleft$ ; 2b:  $28 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $9 \circlearrowleft$ ; 12:  $1 \circlearrowleft$ ,  $1 \circlearrowleft$ .

Remarks. Found in the morning in large numbers in a marsh area along the seacoast with a freshwater pond. Many males were collected along the pond shore flying through the vegetation and settling on leaves of *P. australis* and *T. latifolia*. In the late afternoon only found outside this pond flying through the vegetation and flower visiting *M. longifolia*, *L. europaeus* and *P. dysenterica*. Also found at Imvressous estuary along the South coast.

Pipiza noctiluca (Linnaeus, 1758)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 7a2:  $1 \stackrel{\wedge}{\triangleleft}$ .

Remarks. Found sitting on leaves of *H. helix*.

Scaeva dignota (Rondani, 1857)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6a: 1  $\bigcirc$ : 6b: 3  $\bigcirc$ ; 7c1: 2  $\bigcirc$ , 1  $\bigcirc$ .

Remarks. Several males were found hilltopping early morning on Mt Lazarus around *Juniper* scrubs.

Scaeva mecogramma (Bigot, 1860)

Rare Mediterranean species and in Greece only recorded from Lesvos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 7c1: 13, 19.

Remarks. Like *S. dignota* two specimens of *S. mecogramma* were found hilltopping early morning on Mt Lazarus around *Juniper* sp. scrubs.

Scaeva pyrastri (Linnaeus, 1758)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6a: 1  $\bigcirc$ .

Remarks. Found around the houses of Valeondades.

Sphaerophoria rueppellii (Wiedemann, 1830)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 2a:  $2 \, \mathring{\bigcirc}$ ,  $1 \, \mathring{\bigcirc}$ ; 2b:  $3 \, \mathring{\bigcirc}$ ,  $2 \, \mathring{\bigcirc}$ ; 8:  $1 \, \mathring{\bigcirc}$ ; 9:  $1 \, \mathring{\bigcirc}$ ; 11:  $2 \, \mathring{\bigcirc}$ ; 12:  $10 \, \mathring{\bigcirc}$ ,  $1 \, \mathring{\bigcirc}$ .

emarks. Only found along the coast in wet to dried out habitats.

Sphaerophoria scripta (Linnaeus, 1758)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 2a:  $1 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ; 6b:  $1 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ; 7a1:  $4 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ , 7a2:  $1 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ; 11:  $1 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ,  $3 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ; 12:  $5 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ ,  $2 \stackrel{?}{\circ}$ .

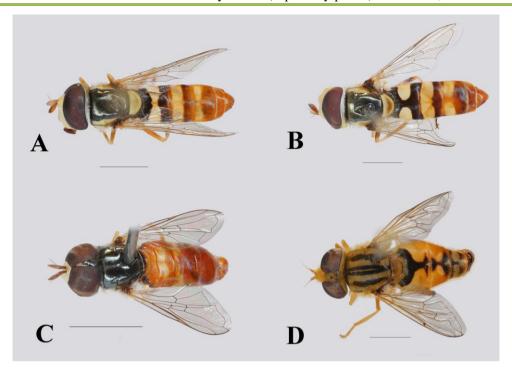


FIG 10. Adult habitus, dorsal view. A. Ischiodon aegyptius male. B. I. scutellaris male. C. Paragus compeditus male. D. Parhelophilus versicolor male. Scale 2.5 mm.

Remarks. Found in several localities throughout the island.

Sphegina elegans Schummel, 1843

Widespread Mediterranean species also recorded from Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6b: 93, 89.

Remarks. Like N. podagrica found in efficient numbers on a small area with roadside vegetation of M. longifolia and Euphorbia sp. growing alongside a small stream with running water in an evergreen P. orientalis and L. nobilis forest.

Syritta pipiens (Linnaeus, 1758)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 1:  $3\emptyset$ , 1; 2a:  $2\emptyset$ , 1; 2b:  $50^{\circ}$ ,  $39^{\circ}$ ; 5:  $50^{\circ}$ ,  $29^{\circ}$ ; 6b:  $50^{\circ}$ ,  $59^{\circ}$ ; 8:  $20^{\circ}$ ,  $19^{\circ}$ ;

9:  $3\emptyset$ ,  $2\mathbb{Q}$ ; 11:  $2\emptyset$ ; 12:  $1\emptyset$ ,  $1\mathbb{Q}$ ; 14a:  $2\emptyset$ , 14b: 13; 14c: 13; 14d: 43, 29.

Remarks. Found throughout the island.

Triglyphus escalerai Gil Collado, 1929

Rare Mediterranean species. In the East Mediterranean only known from two sites in coastal Croatia and Montenegro (Vujić 1994, van Steenis et al. 2015) and in Greece from Lesvos and Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6b:  $1^{\circ}$ .

Remarks. Almost all observations of this species were recorded in spring, so our record is an exception. Found on a field of F. vulgare near Valeondades. Nearby and along a stream with running water with a forest of L. nobilis and P. orientalis trees.

Volucella inanis (Linnaeus, 1758)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos, especially in mountain regions (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6b:  $1 \stackrel{\frown}{\downarrow}$ ,  $7a1: 3 \stackrel{\frown}{\downarrow}$ ;  $14a: 3 \stackrel{\frown}{\downarrow}$ ,  $14b: 7 \stackrel{\frown}{\downarrow}$ .

Remarks. Found in *P. orientalis* forests in the higher parts of the island, mostly collected while visiting flowers of *H. helix*.

Volucella zonaria (Poda, 1761) (Fig. 7D)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 6a:  $2^{\circ}$ ; 6b:  $6^{\circ}$ ; 7a1:  $5^{\circ}$ ; 7c2:  $1^{\circ}$ ; 14b:  $4^{\circ}$ .

Remarks. Like the previous species, found in *P. orientalis* forests in the higher parts of the island. Often flying together and feeding on similar to *H. helix* plants.

Xanthandrus comtus (Harris, 1780)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece (Vujić et al. 2020b).

First record for Samos.

New records. 6b: 1  $\bigcirc$ .

Remarks. One female collected near an abandoned field along the road in Valeondades valley. The field bordered a *P. orientalis* and *P. halepensis* forest.

Xanthogramma dives Rondani, 1857

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records. 7a1: 13, 29.

Remarks. Found in an orchard on Mt Lazaros, flying through the vegetation or feeding on *H. helix*.

Xylota segnis (Linnaeus, 1758)

Widespread Mediterranean species, also widespread in Greece including Samos (Vujić et al. 2020b).

New records, 7a1:  $2 \stackrel{\wedge}{\circ}$ .

Remarks. Two males were collected in an apple orchard on Mt Lazaros.

#### Discussion

During our eight-day collecting trip, 62 species were encountered of which 19 (31%) species were new to the island, adding up to a total of 107 known hoverfly species. Several species occurring on Samos were not encountered during the trip as their flight period is in spring or midsummer (Vujić et al. 2020b). Even for the well sought-after genera Eumerus (9) and Merdon (21), this trip resulted in an increase of 56% and 10%, respectively, of the total number of species of these genera. This shows that many more species are expected to occur on the island. Based on the geographical distribution of hoverflies in Greece and adjacent Turkey, we believe that at least another 50 species are expected to occur on Samos.

Most of the species (21) collected during our trip, have an aphidophagous trait, followed by those which are phytophagous (17) on bulbs and roots, and one on mushrooms. Aquatic species were next in line with a total of ten species, followed by the saproxylic species (9) and finally two species living as larvae in nests of large wasps. The genera Eumerus and Merodon were anticipated to be represented by many species, as their larvae live in bulbs and rhizomes. The Mediterranean Basin is one of the hotspots for these plants (Blondel & Aronson 1999) and therefore for these two hoverfly genera as well (Vujić et al. 2011, Grković et al. 2015, 2017, Ståhls et al. 2016, van Steenis et al. 2017). The recording of three new species of Callicera, all saproxylic rot-hole breeders, is noteworthy, as these are spectacular Syrphidae that tend to visit flowers regularly, and as such are often easy to collect (e.g., Ssymank 2013, van Steenis et al. 2019). The relatively many, new to

Samos aphidophagous (6) species were surprising. Possibly, these species show strong population fluctuations over the vears and can be virtually absent for long periods. In the warm and dry Mediterranean climate aphid population dynamics and abundancy are lower than in the temperate parts of Europe (Dixon et al. 1987, Peccoud et al. 2010). The aphidophagous species **Episyrphus** balteatus and Eupeodes corollae are very widely spread throughout Europe and their flight period is almost year-round (Vujić et al. 2020b).

Samos is the first region of Europe where both species of Ischiodon cooccurred. This was, however, not surprising as both species are known to extend their former SE Palaearctic and Oriental range tremendously (Lebard et al. 2019, van

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Steenis et al. 2019, De Courcy Williams et al. 2011, Vujić et al. 2020b).

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## Πρόσθετες καταγραφές ειδών Syrphidae (Diptera) από το νησί της Σάμου, Ελλάδα.

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#### ПЕРІЛНЧН

Παράλληλα με το 10ο Διεθνές Συμπόσιο για τα Syrphidae που διεξήχθη στη Λέσβο, στην Ελλάδα, τον Σεπτέμβριο του 2019, πραγματοποιήθηκαν δύο συλλεκτικές αποστολές στο νησί της Σάμου, μια πριν το συμπόσιο και μία μετά. Κατά τη διάρκεια των αποστολών αυτών, συλλέγθηκαν συνολικά 62 διαφορετικά είδη Syrphidae, από τα οποία τα 19 είναι νέα για το νησί της Σάμου. Επιπλέον, τα είδη Ischiodon aegyptius και Paragus compeditus αποτελούν νέες καταγραφές για την Ελλάδα. Εξάλλου, τα γένη Eumerus και Merodon διερευνούνται ενδελεχώς στη ΝΑ Μεσόγειο, και ιδιαίτερα στα ελληνικά νησιά. Η, κατά τη διάρκεια αυτής της πολύ σύντομης επίσκεψης, καταγραφή πέντε και δύο νέων ειδών αντιστοίχως, υποδεικνύει ότι με περισσότερη προσπάθεια αναμένεται η παρουσία πολλών νέων ειδών για το νησί της Σάμου.