

## Open Schools Journal for Open Science

Vol 8, No 2 (2025)

Vol. 8 No. 2 (2025): Open Schools Journal for Open Science - Special Issue -IDEA Conference Proceedings



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doi: [10.12681/osj.43781](https://doi.org/10.12681/osj.43781)

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### To cite this article:

Mara, A., & Laskari, K. (2025). Music and Neuroscience. *Open Schools Journal for Open Science*, 8(2).  
<https://doi.org/10.12681/osj.43781>

# Music and Neuroscience

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## Abstract

This presentation explores the relationship between music and neuroscience. It examines how music activates different brain regions, supports neuroplasticity, and contributes to therapeutic practices. Finally, it presents current and future applications of music therapy in cognitive and physical rehabilitation.

**Keywords:** *music, brain, therapy*

## 1. Introduction

This project focuses on the fascinating connection between music and neuroscience. Using reliable scientific literature and audiovisual material, we researched how music affects the brain, both in terms of processing and therapy. The goal of this work was to present how music activates specific brain areas, promotes neuroplasticity, and supports therapeutic interventions in different diseases and conditions.

## 2. Neuroscience and Music

The neuroscience of music is the scientific study of how the brain processes various musical activities, including listening, performing, composing, reading, and writing music. When we engage with music, many areas of the brain are activated:

- The Auditory Cortex, which processes elements like pitch and volume.
- The Motor Cortex, which is essential for movement activities, such as playing an instrument or dancing.
- The Prefrontal Cortex, responsible for planning and organizing musical structures.
- The Cerebellum, which coordinates rhythm and timing.

This shows that music is not only an art form but also an activity that engages multiple areas of our brain simultaneously.

## 3. Music and Neuroplasticity

Listening to and creating music involves multiple senses, stimulating diverse neural pathways. This multisensory nature of music is one reason why it can promote neuroplasticity—the brain's ability to change and reorganize itself. Studies have shown that music-based therapies can support functional recovery by encouraging the reorganization of neural circuits, for example, in stroke or brain injury patients.

Furthermore, research demonstrates that musicians' brains show structural differences from non-musicians, with changes in areas related to sensorimotor skills and auditory perception. Playing an instrument, therefore, not only improves musical skills but also supports brain health and cognitive functions.

#### **4. Music Therapy**

Music affects human behavior by impacting brain activity, bodily functions, and emotions. These effects create the basis for Music Therapy, a recognized method used to help individuals recover or cope with various conditions. Some well-known applications include:

- Neurologic Music Therapy (NMT) used in stroke recovery, such as in the case of former U.S. Congresswoman Gabrielle Giffords.
- For Alzheimer's patients, music helps trigger memories, as shown in the documentary 'Alive Inside'.
- Parkinson's patients use Rhythmic Auditory Stimulation (RAS) to improve movement abilities, as demonstrated by Michael's journey with this therapy.

#### **5. Future Research**

Future directions in this field include:

- Using binaural beats and brainwave synchronization in cognitive therapies.
- Exploring AI-generated music for personalized treatments in mental health.
- Creating automated music therapy programs for the elderly, such as AMITY, to manage anxiety and depression.

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